Institutional Effectiveness

2020-2021

Program: Biology MS

College and Department: College of Arts & Sciences – Department of Biology

Contact: Christopher Brown

Mission: The primary mission of the Department of Biology at Tennessee Tech is to promote biological education in, and advance biological knowledge for, the region, state, and nation through teaching, research, and public service.

The Department of Biology has three degree programs (B.S. in Biology, B.S. in Wildlife and Fisheries Science, and M.S. in Biology). Each degree program has a separate report. Program Goals and Student Learning Outcomes for the undergraduate programs are similar since Wildlife and Fisheries Science is applied Biology; however, assessment results differ for most goals and outcomes based on the assessment techniques used. The graduate program has a unique set of goals and learning outcomes.

Program Goals:

PG 1: Increase graduate student enrollment and thus graduation rates through recruitment, retention, and marketing.

Increase graduate student enrollment by 10% annually, and thus increase graduation rates, through recruitment, retention, and marketing.

PG 2: Make significant progress toward increasing diversity.

The Department of Biology will make significant progress toward desegregation and affirmative action objectives.

PG 3: Increase faculty involvement in research and the graduate program.

Increase faculty involvement in research and the graduate program through differential teaching loads to interested tenure-track or tenured faculty members.

Student Learning Outcomes:

SLO 1: All Master of Science candidates in the Department of Biology will demonstrate a command of principles within general biology and the specialized disciplines in their area of interest.

The Department of Biology desires an outcome that 100% of Master of Science candidates demonstrate a command of principles within general biology and the specialized disciplines in their area of interest through successful completion of oral comprehensive examinations.

SLO 2: All Master of Science candidates in the Department of Biology will participate in extracurricular activities related to their disciplines.

All Master of Science candidates in the Department of Biology will participate in extracurricular activities related to their disciplines. These activities will include student organization

membership, special field trips that are not class related, involvement in research activities of other graduate students, and attendance at scientific meetings.

SLO 3: All Master of Science candidates in the Department of Biology will acquire abilities to use scientific reasoning as codified by the structured process commonly known as the scientific method.

All Master of Science candidates in the Department of Biology will acquire abilities to use scientific reasoning as codified by the structured process commonly known as the scientific method. This outcome will be demonstrated through their research, written thesis, and oral comprehensive examinations.

A departmentally developed curriculum map can be found in Appendix 1 that shows the connections between courses and student learning outcomes.

Assessment Methods:

PG 1: Increase graduate student enrollment

1. Enrollment

The Office of Institutional Assessment, Research and Effectiveness provides institution-wide data concerning enrollment, demographics, and retention. The enrollment component of this goal is assessed by comparing enrollments from year to year.

PG 2: Increase diversity

1. Enrollment and demographics

The Office of Institutional Assessment, Research and Effectiveness provides institution-wide data concerning enrollment, demographics, and retention.

2. National Association of University Fish and Wildlife Programs Data

We use the National Association of University Fish and Wildlife Programs Data to compare the gender and race/ethnicity to other programs in the nation. These reports summarize data compiled from 21 member universities that have fish and wildlife academic programs.

PG 3: Increase faculty involvement in research

1. Faculty Annual Report:

Conducted annually in the Spring semester. Each faculty member submits a Faculty Annual Effort report to the chairperson that discusses their efforts for the previous calendar year.

On-going progress towards promotion, research projects and proposals, external funding, publications and presentations, extracurricular activities involving graduate students, and number of graduate students are summarized and included in the Departmental Annual Report submitted by the chair to the Dean of the College of Arts and Sciences. In 2016, the Department of Biology modified promotion guidelines such that research and graduate student mentorship were required for promotion to the ranks of Associate Professor and Professor. In addition, the department has a differential teaching load policy that provides faculty actively involved with research and graduate student mentorship with a reduced teaching load should they select the

research track. The departmental chair monitors the number of faculty promoted and the number of faculty agreeing to the research track on an annual basis.

SLO 1: Demonstrate a command of general biology concepts and principles

1. Comprehensive Oral Exams:

Comprehensive Oral Exams are conducted at end of each graduate student's degree program. These exams are administered by individual graduate faculty committees near the completion of each student's program.

Oral comprehensive examinations consist of two parts: questions regarding the thesis, and questions evaluating knowledge of general biological principles and topics within the student's area of specialization. Graduate committee membership includes a minimum of three faculty members; two from the Department of Biology whose research interests closely match those of the student, and one from an area outside the area of specialization that may come from another department. Major advisors record questions asked and the number of correct and incorrect responses. Successful completion of the oral examination requires a unanimous vote from all committee members that the student has passed both parts of the exam. The departmental chair tracks examination results and includes the data in the Departmental Annual Report submitted to the Dean of the College of Arts and Sciences.

SLO 2: Participate in extracurricular activities

1. Faculty Annual Report:

Conducted annually in the Spring semester. Each faculty member submits a Faculty Annual Effort report to the chairperson that discusses their efforts for the previous calendar year.

On-going progress towards promotion, research projects and proposals, external funding, publications and presentations, extracurricular activities involving graduate students, and number of graduate students are summarized and included in the Departmental Annual Report submitted by the chair to the Dean of the College of Arts and Sciences.

SLO 3: Use scientific reasoning

1. Comprehensive Oral Exams

2. Graduate Seminar Evaluation

Graduate Seminar Evaluations are conducted near the end of each graduate student's degree program. Departmental faculty attend graduate seminars where students formally present their research and ask questions to ensure that graduate students have a thorough understanding of the scientific method.

Masters of Science degree students nearing the completion of their degree programs must enroll in BIOL 6930 (Graduate Seminar). Departmental faculty members attend graduate seminars and each seminar is independently graded by three departmental faculty members that cannot include the graduate student's major advisor. A seminar evaluation form is competed by each of the three faculty members, and a common grade is assigned based on the three evaluations. The seminar evaluation form includes an evaluation of the research design, such that principles in the scientific method are evaluated. Questions regarding each student's

research are included to ensure that each student understands the implications of their research and the scientific method.

Results:

PG 1: Increase graduate student enrollment

Enrollment in our Master's program has been increasing over the past five years (Table 1), and reached its highest recent count of 28 in the Fall of 2020. This is due primarily to an increase in externally-funded grants, enabling faculty to bring in more students on research assistantships; our teaching assistantships are capped at 12. Retention of M.S. students has been high over the past five years. Two students left the program during the 2020-2021 academic year, but otherwise only a single student has failed to complete the master's program (and they simply need to return to defend the thesis).

Table 1. Number of graduate students (M.S.) enrolled as Biology majors by year.

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Fall	Number of Graduate Students
2016	16
2017	20
2018	19
2019	24
2020	28

PG 2: Increase diversity

Our department has traditionally had a low percentage of students who identify as a minority (Table 2); by raw numbers, we typically have 1-3 minority students at any given time. Our percentage of female master's students has trended downward over the past five years, although we did see a slight rebound in 2020.

Since the majority of our graduate students conduct natural resource research, NAUFWP data for 2010-2011 indicate that females represent approximately 44% of graduate students enrolled in natural resource graduate programs. The percent females in our program exceed this during the last five years except 2019. NAUFWP data for 2010-2011 also indicate that minorities represent approximately 13% of students in natural resource graduate programs. Minority representation in our graduate program is low. NAUFWP survey data is to be collected again in 2020-21, and these updated numbers will be used in next year's report.

Table 2. Percent of Biology M.S. students that identified as minority or female, by year.

Fall	Percent Minority Graduate Students	Percent Female Graduate Students
2016	12.5	62.5
2017	20.0	50.0
2018	0.0	42.1
2019	4.2	33.3
2020	7.1	39.3

PG 3: Increase faculty involvement in research

Three promotions occurred in the last five years (Table 3); one Assistant Professor received tenure and was promoted in 2017, and two Assistant Professors received tenure and were promoted in 2018.

Table 3. Number of faculty promoted to the rank of Associate Professor and Professor over the past five years.

Fall	Associate Professor	Professor
2016	0	0
2017	1	0
2018	2	0
2019	0	0
2020	0	0

Four members of the faculty are currently on the research option, with one entering for the first time this past academic year. The remaining faculty are on the standard option. Over the past five years, the teaching option has been used by only a single senior member of the faculty, who retired following the Fall 2019 semester.

The percentage of faculty members capable of accepting graduate students (this excludes instructors and lecturers) who are serving as advisors for master's students has been consistently at or above 80% over the past five years (Table 4).

Table 4. Number of graduate faculty members actively engaged in research with graduate students.

Year	Number of Faculty Conducting Research with Graduate Students	Percent of Departmental Faculty
2016	14	81.3
2017	13	92.3
2018	12	80.0
2019	13	81.3
2020	12	80.0

SLO 1: Demonstrate a command of general biology concepts and principles

Over the past five years, all master's students have successfully passed their oral exams and thesis defense, all but one on the first try, demonstrating a mastery of both their research topic and of basic biological principles. Presentations by master's students at scientific meetings (either as oral presentations or posters) has been lower than we would like over four the past five years (Table 5), although for 2020 it should be noted that many conferences were canceled due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Table 5. Number of graduate students and the percentage of graduate Master's students presenting research findings at scientific meetings by year.

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Year	Number of Master's	Total Number of Master's	Percent of Students
	Students Presenting	Students	Presenting
2016	12	16	60
2017	3	20	16
2018	4	19	17
2019	7	24	29
2020	4	28	14

SLO 2: Participate in extracurricular activities

Although graduate students participate in a variety of extracurricular activities (especially student organizations such as the Tennessee chapters of the Wildlife Society and the American Fisheries Society), we have chosen to focus on attendance and presentations at scientific meetings for this goal (Table 5). As discussed above for SLO 1, the number of students presenting has been lower than we would like over the past several years. However, we do suspect that more students attend meetings than both attend and present, and that is probably worth tracking to a better degree to assess this learning outcome.

SLO 3: Use scientific reasoning

All students who graduated with their master's degree (Table 6) successfully passed their oral exams during the first attempt during this five-year period, with one exception (it was passed on the second try). In addition, all master's students passed their seminar course (in which they present their thesis results to the faculty and other students) with either a grade of A (the majority of students) or a grade of B. Both of these tasks (the oral exam and seminar) require the students to demonstrate knowledge of scientific reasoning relative to their research project, and the discipline as a whole.

Table 6. Number of Master of Science graduates within the Department of Biology by year.

Year	Number of Graduates
2015-2016	5
2016-2017	9
2017-2018	7
2018-2019	8
2019-2020	6

Modifications for Improvement

For Student Learning Outcomes 1 and 3, we plan to adopt a more quantitative rubric for our oral exams to see if we can better assess both command of general biology principles and scientific reasoning. The rubric has been developed (see Appendix 2), tested on one student's defense during the summer of 2021), and will be used for all defenses in the upcoming academic year.

We also plan to review both our learning outcomes and program goals as a whole this academic year, following our departmental five-year review that took place in Spring 2021. The reviewer had several suggestions for both our goals/outcomes and assessment methods that we plan to address as a faculty.

Appendices

- 1. Curriculum Map
- 2. Thesis Defense Rubric

Appendix 1: Curriculum Map

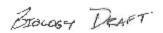
Curriculum support for learning outcomes of the graduate program in the Department of Biology. Some courses included on this list have been taught irregularly over the past 10 years. Several courses are dual-listed under both BIOL (Biology) and WFS (Wildlife and Fisheries Sciences); these are listed here under BIOL only.

		Learning Outcomes		
Course No.	Title	Demonstrate Knowledge	Extra- curricular Activities	Scientific Method
BIOL 5000	Parasitology	X		
BIOL 5040	Immunology	X		
BIOL 5060	Hormones & Chem. Comm.	X		
BIOL 5100	Evolutionary Biology	X		X
BIOL 5110	Microbial Evolution	X		X
BIOL 5120	Protozoology	X		
BIOL 5130	Environmental Microbiology	X		X
BIOL 5140	Pathogenic Bacteriology	X		X
BIOL 5150	Molecular Genetics	X		
BIOL 5160	Genetic Engineering Lab	X		
BIOL 5170	Pop. & Conservation Genetics	X		X
BIOL 5220	Biostatistics	X		X
BIOL 5230	Animal Behavior	X		X
BIOL 5300	Plant Speciation & Evolution	X		
BIOL 5310	Plant Anatomy	X		
BIOL 5320	Plant Physiology	X	X	X
BIOL 5330	Plant Ecology	X		X
BIOL 5340	Plant-Animal Interactions	X	X	
BIOL 5610	Invertebrate Zoology	X		X
BIOL 5630	Ornithology	X		X
BIOL 5650	Marine Biology	X		X

BIOL 5750	Medical Microbiology	X		
BIOL 5780	Phycology	X		X
BIOL 5810	Ichthyology	X	X	X
BIOL 5820	Mammalogy	X		X
BIOL 5830	Herpetology	X		X
BIOL 5840	Limnology	X		X
BIOL 5850	Applied Microbiology	X		X
BIOL 5860	Disease Prevention	X		
BIOL 6140	Fish & Wildlife Biometrics	X		X
BIOL 6150	Reservoir Fisheries Mgmt.	X		X
BIOL 6600	Microbial Ecology	X		X
BIOL 6630	Animal Ecology	X		X
BIOL 6660	Fish Ecology	X	X	X
BIOL 6670	Stream Ecology	X		X
BIOL 6680	Malacology	X		X
BIOL 6810	Ecological Ordination	X		X
BIOL 6930	Seminar	X	X	X
BIOL 6990	Research and Thesis	X		X
EVS 7900	Scientific Writing & Grantsmanship	X		
EVSB 6010	Environmental Biology	X	X	X
EVSB 7110	Environmental Approaches to Fish Management	X		X
EVSB 7120	Endangered Species Biology	X		X
EVSB 7130	Wetlands Ecology	X		X
EVSB 7140	Wildlife & Fisheries Nutrition	X		X
EVSB 7150	Pop. & Community Ecology	X		X
EVSB 7230	Molecular Ecology and Evolution	X		X
WFS 5500	National Wildlife Policy	X	X	X
	1onarname i oney	11	21	2.1

WFS 5640	Waterfowl Ecology & Mgmt.	X		X
WFS 5660	Wild Bird Ecology	X		
WFS 5670	Wild Mammal Ecology	X		
WFS 5700	Habitat Management			X
WFS 5710	Fisheries Management			X
WFS 5711	Fisheries Management			X
WFS 5730	Conservation Biology		X	X
WFS 5740	Wildlife Principles	X		X
WFS 5760	Fish Culture		X	
WFS 5770	Nongame Species Mgmt.	X	X	
WFS 5870	GIS for Wildlife & Fisheries	X		

Appendix 2: Thesis Defense Rubric



Candidate Name: ______ Date: _____

EVALUATION RUBRIC: THESIS (M.S.) DEFENSE EXAM (Draft)

Evaluation/Guidance	Does not meet Expectations	Meets Expectations	Exemplary Performance
1. Problem Definition: Has stated the research			
problem clearly, providing motivation for		ľ	1
undertaking the research			
2. Literature and Previous Work: Demonstrated			
sound knowledge of literature in the area, and			
of prior work on the specific research problem			
3. Impact of Proposed Research: Demonstrated			
the potential value of solution to the rescorch			
problem in advancing knowledge within the area			
of study	1		
4. Solution Approach: Has applied sound state-			
of the field research methods/Looks to solve the			
defined problem and has described the			
methods/tools effectively		1	
5. Results: Analyzed and interpreted research			
results/data effectively			
6. Quality of Written and Oral Communication:			
Communicates research results clearly and	(a)	(é)	(a)
professionally in both (a) written and (b) oral	(4)	[17]	101
form	(6)	[b)	(6)
rorm 7. Critical Thinking: Has demonstrated capability	107	(0)	1-7
to use scientific reasoning as codified in the	1		
to pac stremmi. Textor ing as coomed in the scientific method		1	
8, Demonstrated a command of principles			-
•	1		
within general biology and specialized			1
discipline in area of interest			
9. Participated in extracurricular activities		-	
related to discipline. Activities may include			
student/professional organizations, attendance			
) (scientific meetings, etc.			